

A Java Applet and Tutorial for the Jacobi, Gauss-Seidel and SOR Methods

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General goals

- Help students better **visualize** the theory, including interaction with the pictures/plots.
- Facilitate **experimentation**: “What if ...?”
- Assist students in doing thoughtfully designed problems: help students to **focus more on underlying theory** than on mundane details for certain problems.

Specific purposes of applet and tutorial

- **Introduce** Jacobi, Gauss-Seidel and SOR Methods to beginning Linear Algebra or Numerical Analysis students.
- Emphasize **key ideas** of iterative methods.
- Show importance of linear algebra ideas in methods, such as **eigenvectors** and **eigenvalues**.

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- Technology should be **easy to use, inexpensive,** and “**to the point.**”

What happens? Why?

- First look at **what** the methods do, then later develop theory that explains **why**.
- Some aspects of the methods and what they do can be discussed **first without, then later with, the deeper theory**, in particular, eigenvectors and eigenvalues.

The applet and tutorial are located online at

<http://math.pepperdine.edu/~dstrong/Java/IterativeMethods>

Basic ideas investigated using applet

- Use current estimate to find better estimate.
- In practice, we often find approximations, not exact values.
- Variations of methods produce variations in results.
- Do these schemes always work? (So when do they work?)
- By the way, order of equations in $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$ matters.
- How does initial “guess” affect process?
- What other parameters affect things?
- Visualization of eigenvectors’ and eigenvalues’ involvement in convergence of approximations.
- At what rate does the error tend to 0?

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