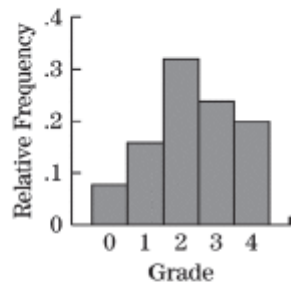


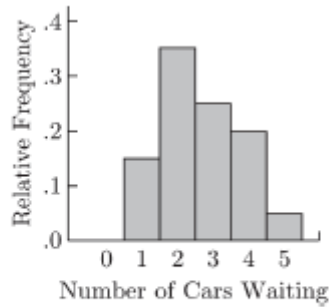
1.

Grade	Relative Frequency
0	$\frac{2}{25} = 0.08$
1	$\frac{4}{25} = 0.16$
2	$\frac{8}{25} = 0.32$
3	$\frac{6}{25} = 0.24$
4	$\frac{5}{25} = 0.20$



2.

Number of cars waiting	Relative Frequency
0	$\frac{0}{60} = 0$
1	$\frac{9}{60} = 0.15$
2	$\frac{21}{60} = 0.35$
3	$\frac{15}{60} = 0.25$
4	$\frac{12}{60} = 0.20$
5	$\frac{3}{60} = 0.05$



3.

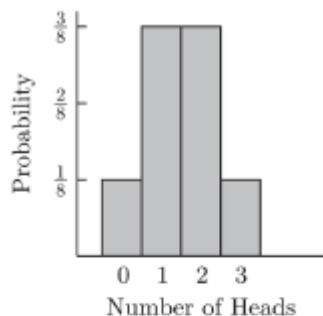
Number of calls during minute	Relative Frequency
20	$\frac{3}{60} = 0.05$
21	$\frac{3}{60} = 0.05$
22	$\frac{0}{60} = 0$
23	$\frac{6}{60} = 0.10$
24	$\frac{18}{60} = 0.30$
25	$\frac{12}{60} = 0.20$
26	$\frac{0}{60} = 0$
27	$\frac{9}{60} = 0.15$
28	$\frac{6}{60} = 0.10$
29	$\frac{3}{60} = 0.05$

4.

Number produced during hour	Relative Frequency
50	$\frac{2}{40} = 0.05$
51	$\frac{0}{40} = 0$
52	$\frac{6}{40} = 0.15$
53	$\frac{8}{40} = 0.20$
54	$\frac{12}{40} = 0.30$
55	$\frac{6}{40} = 0.15$
56	$\frac{4}{40} = 0.10$
57	$\frac{0}{40} = 0$
58	$\frac{0}{40} = 0$
59	$\frac{2}{40} = 0.05$

5. HHH, HHT, HTH, THH, HTT, THT, TTH, TTT

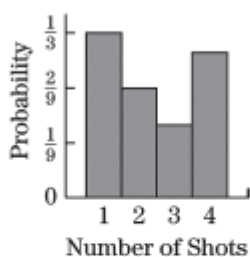
Number of Heads	Probability
0	$\frac{\binom{3}{0}}{2^3} = \frac{1}{8}$
1	$\frac{\binom{3}{1}}{2^3} = \frac{3}{8}$
2	$\frac{\binom{3}{2}}{2^3} = \frac{3}{8}$
3	$\frac{\binom{3}{3}}{2^3} = \frac{1}{8}$



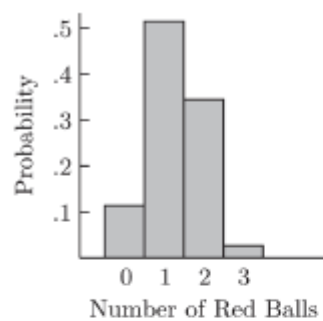
6. Probability of hit = $\frac{1}{3}$

Probability of miss = $\frac{2}{3}$

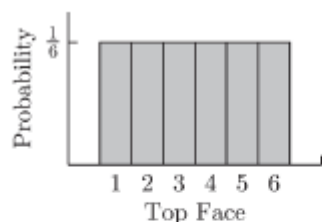
Number of Shots	Probability
1	$\frac{1}{3}$
2	$\binom{2}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{2}{9}$
3	$\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{4}{27}$
4	$\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^3 = \frac{8}{27}$



Number of Red Balls	Probability
0	$\frac{\binom{3}{0} \binom{4}{3}}{\binom{7}{3}} = \frac{4}{35}$
1	$\frac{\binom{3}{1} \binom{4}{2}}{\binom{7}{3}} = \frac{18}{35}$
2	$\frac{\binom{3}{2} \binom{4}{1}}{\binom{7}{3}} = \frac{12}{35}$
3	$\frac{\binom{3}{3} \binom{4}{0}}{\binom{7}{3}} = \frac{1}{35}$



Top Face	Probability
1	$\frac{1}{6}$
2	$\frac{1}{6}$
3	$\frac{1}{6}$
4	$\frac{1}{6}$
5	$\frac{1}{6}$
6	$\frac{1}{6}$



9.	No. Red Balls	Player's Earnings	Probability
	2	\$5	$\frac{\binom{2}{2}\binom{4}{0}}{\binom{6}{2}} = \frac{1}{15}$
	1	\$1	$\frac{\binom{2}{1}\binom{4}{1}}{\binom{6}{2}} = \frac{8}{15}$
	0	-1\$	$\frac{\binom{2}{0}\binom{4}{2}}{\binom{6}{2}} = \frac{6}{15}$

10.	Number of tosses	Player's Earnings	Probability
	1	-50¢	$\frac{1}{2}$
	2	0¢	$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{4}$
	3	50¢	$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{8}$
	4	\$1	$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 = \frac{1}{8}$

11. $\Pr(5 \leq X \leq 7)$
 $= \Pr(X=5) + \Pr(X=6) + \Pr(X=7)$
 $= .2 + .1 + .3$
 $= .6$

12. The outcome is between 8 and 12, inclusive.

13.	k	$\Pr(X^2 = k)$
	0	0.1
	1	0.2
	4	0.4
	9	0.1
	16	0.2

14.	k	$\Pr(Y^2 = k)$
	25	0.3
	100	0.4
	225	0.1
	400	0.1
	625	0.1

15.	k	$\Pr(X-1 = k)$
	-1	0.1
	0	0.2
	1	0.4
	2	0.1
	3	0.2

16.	k	$\Pr(Y-15 = k)$
	-10	0.3
	-5	0.4
	0	0.1
	5	0.1
	10	0.1

17.	k	$\Pr\left(\frac{1}{5}Y = k\right)$
	1	0.3
	2	0.4
	3	0.1
	4	0.1
	5	0.1

$$18. \quad 2X^2 = k \quad \Pr(2X^2 = k)$$

$$2(0)^2 = 0 \quad 0.1$$

$$2(1)^2 = 2 \quad 0.2$$

$$2(2)^2 = 8 \quad 0.4$$

$$2(3)^2 = 18 \quad 0.1$$

$$2(4)^2 = 32 \quad 0.2$$

$$19. \quad (X+1)^2 = k \quad \Pr((X+1)^2 = k)$$

$$(0+1)^2 = 1 \quad 0.1$$

$$(1+1)^2 = 4 \quad 0.2$$

$$(2+1)^2 = 9 \quad 0.4$$

$$(3+1)^2 = 16 \quad 0.1$$

$$(4+1)^2 = 25 \quad 0.2$$

$$20. \quad \left(\frac{1}{5}Y+1\right)^2 = k \quad \Pr\left(\left(\frac{1}{5}Y+1\right)^2 = k\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{5} \cdot 5 + 1\right)^2 = 4 \quad 0.3$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{5} \cdot 10 + 1\right)^2 = 9 \quad 0.4$$

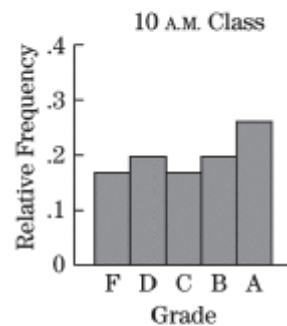
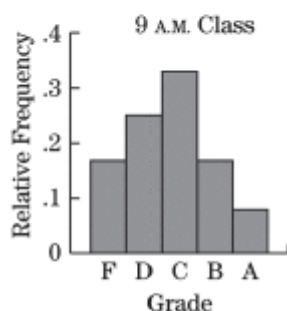
$$\left(\frac{1}{5} \cdot 15 + 1\right)^2 = 16 \quad 0.1$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{5} \cdot 20 + 1\right)^2 = 25 \quad 0.1$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{5} \cdot 25 + 1\right)^2 = 36 \quad 0.1$$

$$21. \quad \text{Relative Frequency}$$

Grade	9 A.M. class	10 A.M. class
F	$\frac{10}{60} \approx 0.17$	$\frac{17}{100} = 0.17$
D	$\frac{15}{60} = 0.25$	$\frac{20}{100} = 0.20$
C	$\frac{20}{60} \approx 0.33$	$\frac{17}{100} = 0.17$
B	$\frac{10}{60} \approx 0.17$	$\frac{20}{100} = 0.20$
A	$\frac{5}{60} \approx 0.08$	$\frac{26}{100} = 0.26$



The 9 A.M. class has the distribution centered on the C grade with relatively few A's. The 10A.M. class has a large percentage of A's and D's with fewer C's.

$$22. \quad \text{a. percentage with C or less (9 A.M.):}$$

$$\left(\frac{20+15+10}{60}\right) \times 100\% = 75\%$$

$$\text{b. percentage with C or less (10 A.M.):}$$

$$\left(\frac{17+20+17}{100}\right) \times 100\% = 54\%$$

$$\text{c. percentage with D or F (9 A.M.):}$$

$$\left(\frac{15+10}{60}\right) \times 100\% \approx 41.7\%$$

d. percentage with C or more (both classes):

$$\left(\frac{20+10+5+17+20+26}{60+100} \right) \times 100\% = 61.25\%$$

23. percentage with C or higher:

$$\left(\frac{8+6+5}{25} \right) \times 100\% = 76\%$$

24. percentage of time waiting line has 4 or more cars:

$$\left(\frac{12+3}{60} \right) \times 100\% = 25\%$$

25. a. less than 22: $3 + 3 = 6$

more than 27: $6 + 3 = 9$

combined: $\left(\frac{6+9}{60} \right) \times 100\% = 25\%$

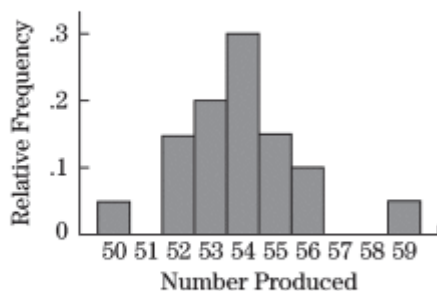
b. between 23 and 25:

$$\left(\frac{6+18+12}{60} \right) \times 100\% = 60\%$$

26. a. $\left(\frac{6+4+2}{40} \right) \times 100\% = 30\%$

b. $\left(\frac{8+12+6}{40} \right) \times 100\% = 65\%$

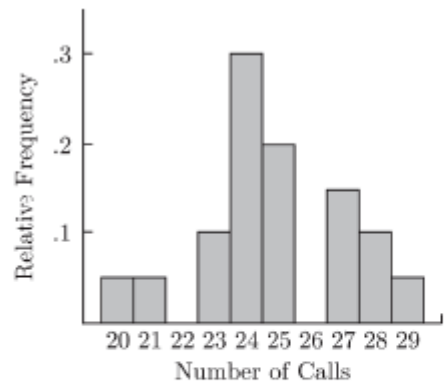
c.



d. 59

e. Estimate an average of 54 items produced

c.



d. Estimated average number of calls would be 24 since that number has the highest frequency of occurrence. It is actually ≈ 25 .

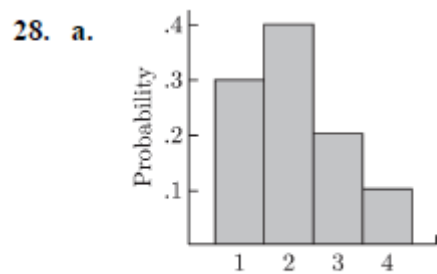
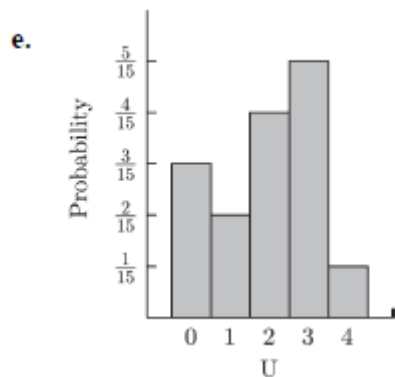
$$\begin{aligned}
 27. \text{ a. } \Pr(U = 4) &= 1 - \left(\frac{4}{15} + \frac{2}{15} + \frac{4}{15} + \frac{3}{15} \right) \\
 &= 1 - \frac{13}{15} \\
 &= \frac{2}{15}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{b. } \Pr(U \geq 2) &= \Pr(U = 2) + \Pr(U = 3) + \Pr(U = 4) \\
 &= \frac{4}{15} + \frac{3}{15} + \frac{2}{15} \\
 &= \frac{9}{15} \\
 &= \frac{3}{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{c. } \Pr(U \leq 3) &= 1 - \Pr(U = 4) \\
 &= 1 - \frac{2}{15} \\
 &= \frac{13}{15}
 \end{aligned}$$

$U + 2 = K$	$\Pr(U + 2 = K)$
$0 + 2 = 2$	$\frac{4}{15}$
$1 + 2 = 3$	$\frac{2}{15}$
$2 + 2 = 4$	$\frac{4}{15}$
$3 + 2 = 5$	$\frac{3}{15}$
$4 + 2 = 6$	$\frac{2}{15}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\Pr(U + 2 < 4) \\
 &= \Pr(U + 2 = 2) + \Pr(U + 2 = 3) \\
 &= \frac{4}{15} + \frac{2}{15} \\
 &= \frac{6}{15} \\
 &= \frac{2}{5}
 \end{aligned}$$



b. $\Pr(X=2) + \Pr(X=3) = 0.40 + 0.20 = 0.60$

c. $\Pr(X \geq 2) = \Pr(X=2) + \Pr(X=3) + \Pr(X=4) = 0.40 + 0.20 + 0.10 = 0.70$

d. $X+2 = k$ $\Pr(X+2 = k)$

$1 + 2 = 3$ 0.30

$2 + 2 = 4$ 0.40

$3 + 2 = 5$ 0.20

$4 + 2 = 6$ 0.10

$\Pr(X+2 \geq 5) = \Pr(X+2 = 5) + \Pr(X+2 = 6) = 0.20 + 0.10 = 0.30$

e. $2X = k$ $\Pr(2X = k)$

$2(1) = 2$ 0.30

$2(2) = 4$ 0.40

$2(3) = 6$ 0.20

$2(4) = 8$ 0.10